

Governor

JAMES V. McDONALD, M.D., M.P.H. Commissioner **JOHANNE E. MORNE, M.S.**Executive Deputy Commissioner

## **Refusal of Newborn Screening for Religious Reasons**

Infant's name	Infant's Date of Birth
Infant's Place of Birth	
I, the undersigned parent or legal guardian of infant boy	girlborn at
	have made the decision not to have the above infant
Hospital of birth	nave made the decision not to have the above imane
•	m because
page and only exempts infants from this requirement if the p	cer of the hospital that the parent or guardian is a member of a
I have been advised of the benefits of the newborn screeni I accept the legal responsibility for the consequences of this	
Signed:Parent or legal guardian	Date:
Parent or legal guardian	
Print Name:	
Witnessed by:	
Medical personnel (signature)	
I have explained the means by which the newborn screening consequences to this infant of not performing these tests are guardian had about these tests.	
Name (print)	
Title	
Signature	

Print and send original to:

NYS Newborn Screening Program
David Axelrod Institute
120 New Scotland Avenue
Albany, NY 12208

Retain a copy for this child's permanent record

	_	- m.
	Group	Condition
	Endocrinology	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia
Litadeliliology		Congenital hypothyroidism
Hemoglobinopathies		Hb SS disease (Sickle cell anemia)
		Hb SC disease
		Hb CC disease
		Other hemoglobinopathies
	Infectious Diseases	HIV-1 infection (HIV-1)
		Homocystinuria (HCY)
		Hypermethioninemia (HMET)
Α	mino Acid Disorders	Maple Syrup Urine Disease (MSUD)
		Phenylketonuria (PKU) and Hyperphenylalaninemia (HyperPHE)
		Tyrosinemia (TYR)
		Carnitine-acylcarnitine translocase deficiency (CAT)
		Carnitine palmitoyltransferase I (CPT-1) and II (CPT-II)deficiencies
		Carnitine uptake defect (CUD)
		2,4-Dienoyl-CoA reductase deficiency (2,4Di)
		Long-chain 3-hydoxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (LCHAD)
		Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MCAD)
	Fatty Acid Oxidation	Medium-chain ketoacyl-CoA thiolase deficiency (MCKAT)
	Disorders	Medium/short-chain hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (M/SCHAD)
Inborn Errors of Metabolism		Mitochondrial trifunctional protein deficiency
		Multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MADD) [also known as Glutaric acidemia type II (GA-II)]
		Short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (SCAD)  Very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (VLCAD)
eta		Glutaric acidemia type I (GA-I)
ž		3-Hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-CoA lyase deficiency (HMG)
o		Isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (IBCD)
รั		Isovaleric acidemia (IVA)
5		Malonic acidemia (MA)
Ξ		2-Methylbutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (2-MBCD)
r.	Organic Acid	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency (3-MCC)
٩	_	3-Methylglutaconic acidemia (3-MGA)
=	Disorders	2-Methyl-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MHBD)
		Methylmalonyl-CoA mutase deficiency (MUT), Cobalamin A,B (Cbl A,B) and Cobalamin C,D (Cbl C,D)
		cofactor deficiencies and other Methymalonic acidemias (MMA)
		Mitochondrial acetoacetyl-CoA thiolase deficiency (beta-ketothiolase deficiency) (BKT)
		Multiple carboxylase deficiency (MCD)
		Propionic acidemia (PA)
	Urea Cycle	Argininemia (ARG)
Disorders	-	Argininosuccinic academia (ASA)
	Disorders	Citrullinemia (CIT)
Other Genetic Conditions		Adrenoleukodystrophy (X-linked) (ALD)
		Biotinidase deficiency (BIOT)
		Cystic Fibrosis (CF)
		Galactosemia (GALT)
		Guanidinoacetate Methyltransferase Deficiency (GAMT)
		Krabbe Disease
		Mucopolysaccharidosis Type 1 (MPS I)
		Pompe Disease
		Severe Combined Immunodeficiency Disease (SCID)
		Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)

webpage at www.wadsworth.org/newborn-screening-program